**EGZAMIN RESORTOWY Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO**

**I. Translate the following sentences into English.**

1. Od czasu wojny stosunki dyplomatyczne między tymi dwoma sąsiadującymi państwami są napięte.
2. Pomimo kroków, jakie rząd podjął w celu postawienia zbrodniarza wojennego przed sądem w kraju, proces nie odbył się z powodu sporu ekstradycyjnego.
3. Powinieneś był sprawdzić nasze rachunki i zauważyć pomyłkę w wyliczeniu podatku VAT.
4. Kiedy delegacja urzędników ministerstwa dotarła do sali konferencyjnej, rozmowy trwały już od godziny.
5. Na konferencji prasowej minister został zapytany czy zgadza się z aktualnym kształtem umowy dotyczącej współpracy na rzecz przeciwdziałania zmianom klimatycznym.
6. Inflacja nie byłaby tak wysoka, gdyby ceny ropy i gazu nie rosły tak szybko z powodu trwającego kryzysu w negocjacjach z państwami-producentami na Bliskim Wschodzie.
7. Dlaczego Sekretarz Generalny nie nakłada bardziej surowych kar na rządy, które zaprzeczają istnieniu epidemii i zakazują podawania szczepionek?
8. Media podały wczoraj, że kandydat na prezydenta jedzie z nieoficjalną wizytą do USA, aby przeprowadzić rozmowy z przedstawicielami mniejszości etnicznej i pozyskać ich poparcie w wyborach.
9. Policja prowadzi obecnie śledztwo w sprawie o nielegalne operacje finansowe na skalę międzynarodową, chociaż podejrzani od dawna odbywają karę więzienia za inne przestępstwo.
10. Nigdy wcześniej społeczność międzynarodowa nie była tak jednomyślna w sprawie konieczności zintensyfikowania działań na rzecz klimatu i ochrony zasobów wody pitnej.

**II. Choose one of the following topics and write an essay of one standard page.**

1. What is the contemporary working model of Finlandisation – a small country adapting its foreign and domestic policies to the interests of a more powerful neighbour – and what are its consequences for the subject country? Discuss on the basis of an example.
2. What social and economic changes which originated from the COVID pandemic are going to stay with us for good?
3. How can we counteract the increasingly pressing problem of the society today: addiction to the Internet?

**III. To complete the numbered gaps choose one answer from A to D each time. Please write the answers on the answer-sheet.**

*Thailand Sends Myanmar Refugees Home*

International refugee laws ban the return of people to countries where their lives may be in danger. But refugees, aid groups and Thai officials themselves say Thailand still sends thousands of people who fled violence by Myanmar’s military back home.

(1)\_\_\_\_\_ its takeover of the country last year, Myanmar’s military has killed more than 1,700 people and arrested more than 13,000. The military has also tortured children, women and men.

The refugees are now unsure of their future. Many live on both sides of the river dividing the two countries, (2)\_\_\_\_\_ fighting continues in Myanmar.

Hay is a young woman from Myanmar. She and her family now live in the tall grasses near the river on the Thai border. (3)\_\_\_\_\_ thousands of others, Hay left her village (4)\_\_\_\_\_ neighbouring Thailand after the military takeover.

Returning to Myanmar would (5)\_\_\_\_\_ her and her family at risk of death. But that is what Thai officials tell them to do (6)\_\_\_\_\_ once a week, she told The Associated Press. The Thai government does not want to (7)\_\_\_\_\_ its relations with Myanmar’s ruling military.

“When they told us to go back, we cried and explained why we can’t go back home,” Hay said. “Sometimes we cross back to the Myanmar side of the river. But I have not returned to the village at all.”

Sally Thompson leads The Border Consortium, which (8)\_\_\_\_\_ aid to Myanmar refugees in Thailand. “You can’t keep going (9)\_\_\_\_\_ across the border,” she said. “You’ve (10)\_\_\_\_\_ to be somewhere where it’s stable… And there is absolutely no stability in Myanmar at the moment.”

Thailand has not signed on to the United Nations Refugee Convention. It claims Myanmar’s refugees return home (11)\_\_\_\_\_. Thailand also says it has (12)\_\_\_\_\_ international laws that say that people must not be returned to a country where they would (13)\_\_\_\_\_ torture, punishment or harm.

“As the situation on the Myanmar side of the border improved,” Thai officials helped citizens return to Myanmar, said the spokesperson for Thailand's Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Thousands of people from Myanmar have (14)\_\_\_\_\_ refuge in Tak province. The governor said many crossed illegally when (15)\_\_\_\_\_ was no fighting.

“We had to send them back as the laws said,” the governor said. “When they were (16)\_\_\_\_\_ threat and crossed here, we never refused to help them.”

Those (17)\_\_\_\_\_ the fighting between the Myanmar military and ethnic minority groups must wade across the rivers dividing the two countries. They carry belongings and babies on top of their shoulders. They must live in crowded, poorly kept shelters made from plastic covering and bamboo.

Refugees and aid groups say that when fighting stops, Thai officials send them back. Myanmar’s military, (18)\_\_\_\_\_, continues to take over villages, burn homes and set land mines.

“I have seen some of them (19)\_\_\_\_\_ to get in a car, get off at the river, and cross over to the other side,” said Phoe Thingyan of the aid group the Overseas Irrawaddy Association.

Win is a 23-year-old student who lives on the Myanmar side of the river. He often crosses (20)\_\_\_\_\_ chest-high water to get food from the Thai side. Then he goes back to his shelter in Myanmar, where he lives with around 300 other refugees.

1. A At B Since C For D During
2. A with B during C as D despite
3. A Like B Together C As if D By
4. A at B for C on D in
5. A lay B put C submit D lodge
6. A less B at least C least D at last
7. A wound B weak C worsen D hurdle
8. A employs B provides C performs D ensures
9. A to and back B there and forth C back and forth D to and from
10. A gone B been C got D had
11. A voluntarily B voluntary C volunteerly D volunteering
12. A satisfied B fulfilled C watched D observed
13. A subject B confront C front D face
14. A apply B searched C sought D looked
15. A there B it C this D that
16. A at B under C being D to
17. A fleeing B flying C running D flowing
18. A meantime B whereas C meanwhile D indeed
19. A forcing B be forced C forced D being forced
20. A threw B though C through D thorough