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**Polish geographical names of undersea and Antarctic features
The names which “escape” the definition of exonym and endonym**

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The names which “escape” the definition of exonym and endonym

According to the definition of exonym adopted by UNGEGN in 2007 at the Ninth United Nations Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names, it is a name used in a specific language for a geographical feature situated outside the area where that language is widely spoken, and differing in its form from the respective endonym(s) in the area where the geographical feature is situated. At the same time the definition of endonym was adopted, according to which it is a name of a geographical feature in an official or well-established language occurring in that area where the feature is situated¹.

So formulated definitions of exonym and endonym do not cover a whole range of geographical names and, at the same time, in many cases they introduce ambiguity when classifying a given name as an exonym or an endonym.

The ambiguity in classifying certain names as exonyms or endonyms derives from the introduction to the definition of the notion of the well-established language, which can be understood in different ways.

- Is the well-established language a language which is used by the people who have inhabited a specific area for generations or is it also the language of modern emigrants, for example Turkish in Germany or Polish in Ireland?
- Will the well-established language be the language used by a large part of the society in spite of the fact that this is not a traditional language of a specific area, for example English in Holland or Russian in Israel?
- Does the well-established language have to be spoken by a substantial proportion of people or does it suffice if it is spoken by a limited number of people? For example, Slovaks are a recognized national minority in Poland, however in the Nowy Targ County bordering on Slovakia, the straight majority of which are Polish Slovaks (69.9% of Poland-residing Slovaks), Slovakian is spoken by 409 persons (out of 794 Poland-residing persons who have declared to use Slovakian), that is 0.23 % of the county's population².

Depending on whether the answer to the above questions is yes or no, Polish names for geographical features situated in Ireland, English ones for features in Holland, or Slovakian ones for features located in the southern Poland may be considered exonyms or endonyms.

There are also cases where one language is used in two countries, yet the geographical names used in them may differ. For example, Russian is used both in Russia and in Kazakhstan: in Kazakhstan, Kazakhstan's largest city has a Russian name *Алматы* [*Almaty*]³, while in Russia the Russian name used for it is *Алма-Ата* [*Alma-Ata*]⁴. Similarly, Polish is used by people residing in the area of Vilnius, Lithuania (in individual communes Poles constitute 40 to 98% of the population), however in respect of some places Lithuanian Poles use different names than those used in Poland, for example *Mikniszki* – the name used by

¹ *Addendum for Glossary of Terms for the Standardization of Geographical Names*, United Nations Secretariat, 2007: http://unstats.un.org/unsd/geoinfo/glossary_add/glossary_add_e.pdf

² Data of the Central Statistical Office taken from the census taken in 2001:
http://www.stat.gov.pl/cps/rde/xbcr/gus/PUBL_nsp2002_tabl3_mn.xls

³ The city's official website in Russian: <http://www.almaty.kz/page.php>

⁴ *Распоряжение администрации Президента Российской Федерации № 1495 «О написании названий государств – бывших республик СССР и их столиц»* (*Order of the Administration of the President of the Russian Federation No. 1495 «On Writing the Names of the States – Former Soviet Republics and their Capitals»*): <http://law7.ru/base29/part8/d29ru8160.htm>

Poles in Lithuania and *Michnowo* – the name used in Poland⁵. Are names such as *Alma-Ata* or *Michnowo* exonyms or endonyms?

The result of problems in defining which name is an endonym is that it is not always possible to determine which name is an exonym.

Also the names of geographical features with no attribution, i.e. those outside the sovereignty of any country, “escape” the current definitions of exonym and endonym. These include sea features (in particular undersea features lying outside the territorial waters of some countries) and features situated in Antarctica and the adjacent areas which lie south of 60°S latitude (according to international treaties the area of Antarctica does not belong to any of the countries and any territorial claims remain “frozen”). Can it be considered that if some area has no official language then all names used for that area are exonyms? Or, perhaps just the opposite, if there are no official languages then we cannot say any exonyms exist.

There are a number of named features in the areas of seas and Antarctica. They were named in several languages. For example, the website geonames.de provides the name for Antarctica in 163 languages⁶. Should those names (e.g. *Antáltia*, *Etelämanner*, *'Ane'ālika*, *Qalasersuaq Kujalleq*, *Châu Nam Cực*) be classified as exonyms or maybe are they endonyms? Or maybe, as noted by Naftali Kadmon⁷, it is yet another type of names which are neither exonyms or endonyms...

Undersea features

For undersea features there is the GEBCO gazetteer (GEBCO – General Bathymetric Chart of the Oceans – the group of experts operating under the auspices of the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO and the International Hydrographic Organization). The said gazetteer contains standardized English names of 3502 undersea features⁸. Theoretically, it may be assumed that those names are standardized endonyms, although in fact they do not meet the accepted definition of endonym. But how in that case should we treat the names of geographical features not listed in that gazetteer: it offers no names of ocean currents, no names of small bottom features included in nautical charts published by individual countries (e.g. no names of most of undersea features situated in the Polish Exclusive Economic Zone (EZ) of the Baltic Sea and described on Polish nautical charts).

Polish geographical names of features located outside Poland are standardized by the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland. Since 2002, the Commission has been working on the list of major geographical names of the world. After it is completed, which is to happen this year, the list is to contain the names of approximately 50,000 features. The list includes features for which there are exonyms as well as those with no Polish exonyms. While working on that list, the Commission verified all the recommended Polish exonyms. The lists relating to sea areas were published in 2008. So far, the Commission has accepted many Polish names for undersea features. Due to the ambiguity of the definitions of exonym and endonym, the Commission has decided that Polish names of

⁵ The names used by Lithuanian Poles have been taken from Polish language websites of local governments, while the names used in Poland – according to the lists of names published by the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland

⁶ <http://www.geonames.de/land.html#ant>

⁷ Naftali Kadmon, *Endonym or Exonym – is there a Missing Term in Maritime Names?* Ninth United Nations Conference on the Standardization of Geographical Names New York, 21 - 30 August 2007:

<http://unstats.un.org/unsd/geoinfo/9th-UNCSPN-Docs/E-CONF-98-6-Add1.pdf>

⁸ GEBCO Gazetteer of Geographic Names of Undersea Features:

http://www.gebco.net/data_and_products/undersea_feature_names/documents/gebco_gazetteer.xls

undersea features located outside Polish territorial waters will be considered as exonyms. On the other hand, endonyms will be: the names contained in the GEBCO gazetteer and, in case the gazetteer does not provide any names for individual features, English names used in nautical charts and in other gazetteers (e.g. the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency gazetteer), as well as, in case of names from the Baltic Sea region, names in local languages included in nautical charts. It must be noted however that the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland uses the definition of exonym which is different than that accepted by UNGEGN. According to that definition, the exonym is a name presently used in a country in the official language or languages of this country for a geographical feature situated outside its territory and different in graphical form from the standardized endonym of this feature. Therefore, when assuming that the names standardized in the GEBCO gazetteer are endonyms, it may be stated that their Polish equivalents are exonyms. However, also such an assumption is only a formal effort and it is not resultant from the definition of endonym⁹.

The Polish names of undersea features include 368 names relating to 355 features¹⁰. Most of the named features are large and very large features, such as basins, ridges, trenches, rises, currents, etc. (Tab. 1). The features with Polish names are those which are often marked in maps (particularly all undersea features included in school atlases have Polish names), the information about which can be found in encyclopedias or lexicons. In exceptional cases, Polish names have been approved for minor features, such as banks or deeps.

Type of object	Number of objects	Number of names
Currents	61	67
Ridges	51	51
Mounts	1	1
Horses	7	7
Fracture zones	24	25
Rises	30	30
Plateaus	5	6
Basins	91	94
Plains	4	4
Banks	20	21
Deeps	10	10
Trenches	44	45
Troughs	5	5
Canyons	2	2
Total	355	368

Tab. 1. Number of undersea features with Polish names according to types of features

Most of the features which have been assigned Polish names are situated in the Atlantic Ocean and adjacent seas (152 features), while the smallest number of them – in the Southern Ocean (Tab. 2).

⁹ According to the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland the endonym is a name of a geographical feature in one of the languages occurring in that area where the feature is situated, while the standardized endonym is the endonym sanctioned by a names authority.

¹⁰ *Nazewnictwo geograficzne świata. Zeszyt 10. Morza i oceany.* Główny Urząd Geodezji i Kartografii, Warszawa 2008 (*Geographical Names of the World. Vol. 10. Seas and Oceans.* Head Office of Geodesy and Cartography, Warsaw 2008): http://www.gugik.gov.pl/komisja/pliki/zeszyty/zeszyt_10.pdf

	Number of objects
Arctic Ocean	40
Atlantic Ocean	152
of which Mediterranean Sea	10
of which Baltic Sea	23
Indian Ocean	63
Pacific Ocean	120
Southern Ocean	21

Tab. 2 Number of undersea features with Polish names according to oceans

The great majority of Polish names are translations of contemporary English names. Only in 27 cases Polish names correspond to English names which were used formerly or do not correspond to them whatsoever, for example:

- **Grzbiet Afrykańsko-Antarktyczny;** Atlantic-Indian Ridge [the translation of the Polish name is *African-Antarctic Ridge*]
- **Grzbiet Południowoantylski;** Scotia Ridge [the translation of the Polish name is *South Antillean Ridge*]
- **Basen Zachodnioaustralijski;** Wharton Basin [the translation of the Polish name is *West Australian Basin*]
- **Grzbiet Arabsko-Indyjski;** Carlsberg Ridge [the translation of the Polish name is *Arabian-Indian Ridge*]
- **Grzbiet Wschodnioindyjski;** Ninetyeast Ridge [the translation of the Polish name is *East Indian Ridge*]
- **Wyniesienie Przylądkowe;** Agulhas Ridge [the translation of the Polish name is *Cape Rise*]
- **Wyniesienie Salomona;** Ontong Java Rise [the translation of the Polish name is *Solomon Rise*]
- **Równina Fletchera;** Siberia Abyssal Plain [the translation of the Polish name is *Fletcher Abyssal Plain*]
- **Rów Riukiu;** Nansei-Shoto Trench [the translation of the Polish name is *Ryukyu Trench*]

It must be noted here that often the English generic term does not correspond exactly to the Polish generic term, for example the term *abyssal plain* present in English names may be rendered as *równina abysalna* (which is a faithful translation) or as *plaskowyż* (*plateau*); the term *plateau* in Polish names is replaced with the terms *plaskowyż* (faithful translation), *wyniesienie* (*rise*), *grzbiet* (*ridge*), or even *basen* (*basin*). Differences in type terms arise on one hand from the fact that Polish oceanographers classify some features in a different way, on the other hand from the fact that some Polish and English terms do not entirely agree with each other (e.g. Polish term *rów* (*oceaniczny*) corresponds to two English terms *trench* and *trough*, but the English term *trough* refers also to features which in Polish are called *rynna*).

Nearly all the names of undersea features derive from:

- geographical location of those features (e.g. *Prąd Północnoatlantycki* [*North Atlantic Current*], *Równikowy Prąd Wsteczny* [*Equatorial Counter Current*], *Basen Środkowopacyficzny* [*Central Pacific Basin*])
- the names of nearby geographical features (e.g. *Basen Wschodniomariański* [*East Mariana Basin*], *Rów Filipiński* [*Philippine Trench*], *Grzbiet Madagaskarski* [*Madagascar Ridge*])

- names of ships (*Rów Witiazia* [*Vityaz Trench*], *Krawędź Challengera* [*Challenger Fracture Zone*], *Wyniesienie Jermaka* [*Yermak Plateau*])
- or were given in honor of a person (e.g. *Grzbiet Dampiera* [*Dampier Ridge*], *Wyniesienie Beauforta* [*Beaufort Terrace*], *Równina Bellingshausena* [*Bellingshausen Abyssal Plain*])

The great majority of the features which have Polish names are situated in open seas, beyond the territorial waters of individual countries as well as beyond their exclusive economic zones. Despite being formally classified by the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland as exonyms, it cannot be stated unequivocally that they are, in fact, exonyms.

The list of standardized Polish names for undersea features is contained in Attachment 1.

Antarctic features

In case of Antarctic features one can also speak of standardized names. The Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research (SCAR), the international institution coordinating scientific research in Antarctica, publishes the gazetteer containing all the names sanctioned by this institution. Those names are assigned by the countries which conduct research in Antarctica and they are subsequently sanctioned by SCAR. These may be English names as well as those in national languages of the countries which report them, and one feature may have several standardized names (presently, the gazetteer contains 36,334 names for 18,321 features¹¹). Can the names contained in this gazetteer be considered as endonyms? How to treat names that were not sanctioned by way of publication in that gazetteer, which are yet encountered in the publications or maps, and given by researchers from different countries (e.g. for standardization purposes, Polish scientists report to SCAR names in English not in Polish, however Polish equivalents of so standardized names are often used in various publications)? Just like in the case of names of undersea features, the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland has decided that Polish names for Antarctic features are exonyms, while endonyms are names standardized in the SCAR gazetteer. Just like in the case of undersea features, such a classification may be questionable – according to the definitions accepted by UNGEGN one cannot speak of exonyms or endonyms here. Also the definitions used by the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland do not allow for those names to be unambiguously assigned to either of those two categories.

Polish names of Antarctic features and adjacent areas which lie south to 60°S latitude include 268 names referring to 265 features¹². Most of the named features are large and very large features, such as coasts, lands, islands, peninsulas, seas, bays, glaciers, mountains (Tab. 3). Due to the work carried out by Polish scientists at the H. Arctowski Station and the A. B. Dobrowolski Station (currently closed), also some smaller features situated in the King George Island region (H. Arctowski Station) and the Bunger Hills (A. B. Dobrowolski Station) have Polish names.

¹¹ Composite Gazetteer of Antarctica: <http://data.aad.gov.au/aadc/gaz/scar>

¹² *Nazewnictwo geograficzne świata*. Zeszyt 8. *Antarktyka*. Główny Urząd Geodezji i Kartografii, Warszawa 2006 (*Geographical Names of the World*. Vol. 8. *The Antarctic*. Head Office of Geodesy and Cartography, Warsaw 2008): http://www.gugik.gov.pl/komisja/pliki/zeszyty/zeszyt_08.pdf

Type of object	Number of objects	Number of names
Polar stations	5	7
Lands, regions	17	17
Seas	13	13
Bays	28	28
Straits	5	5
Ice shelves	15	15
Ice fronts	2	2
Lakes	1	1
Glaciers	35	35
Islands	28	28
Group of islands, archipelagos	7	7
Peninsulas	10	10
Capes	11	11
Coasts	35	35
Highlands, plateaus	6	6
Mountains, ranges	22	22
Mounts, peaks	22	22
Other objects	3	4
Total	265	268

Tab. 3. Number of Antarctic features with Polish names according to the type of feature

All the Polish names are translations of the names contained in the SCAR gazetteer. In case the gazetteer provides different forms of a name, the Polish name corresponds mainly to the English name, for example:

- **Ziemia Grahama**; *English* Graham Land; *Spanish* Tierra de Graham; *Tierra de San Martín*
- **Zatoka Admiralicji**; *English* Admiralty Bay; *Spanish* Bahía Almirantazgo; *Bahía Lasserre*
- **Zatoka Króla Jerzego**; *English* King George Bay; *Spanish* Bahía Rey Jorge; *Bahía 25 de Mayo*

Most of Polish names, just like the original names, were given to honour a person, for example:

- **Ziemia Jerzego V**; *English* George V Land
- **Zatoka Szokalskiego**; *English* Schokalsky Bay; *Spanish* Bahía Schokalsky
- **Góry Królowej Elżbiety**; *English* Queen Elizabeth Range
- **Nunatak Arctowskiego**; *English* Arctowski Nunatak; *Spanish* Nunatak Arctowski

A small number of names derive from:

- other geographical features (e.g. **Plaskowyż Amerykański**; *English* American Highland □ **Góry Rosyjskie**; *English* Russkiye Mountains; *Russian* gory Russkie □ **Antwerpia**; *English* Anvers Island; *French* Île Anvers; *Spanish* Isla Anvers; Isla Amberes □ **Nowa Szwabia**; *English* New Schwabenland; *German* Neuschwabenland)
- geographical location (e.g. **Zatoka Południowa**; *English* South Bay; *Spanish* Bahía Sur □ **Zachodni Lodowiec Szelfowy**; *English* West Ice Shelf □ **Góry Transantarktyczne**; *English* Transantarctic Mountains; *French* Chaîne Transantarctique; *Spanish* Montañas Transantárticas; *Norwegian* Den Transantarktiske Fjellkjeden)
- animals (e.g. **Zatoka Focza**; *English* Seal Bay; *Norwegian* Selbukta □ **Zatoka Wielorybia**; *English* Bay of Whales)

- other (**Wybrzeże Prawdy**; *English* Pravda Coast; *Russian* bereg Pravdy – the name of the Soviet newspaper □ **Pasmo Towarzystwa Królewskiego**; *English* Royal Society Range □ **Góry Belgiki**; *English* Belgica Mountains; *French* Monts Belgica; *Norwegian* Belgicafjella – the name of a ship)
- are of different origin (**Zatoka Nadziei**; *English* Hope Bay; *Spanish* Bahía Hope; Bahía Esperanza – named to honour the successful wintering □ **Jeziorko Figurowe**; *English* Algae Lake; *Russian* ozero Figurnoe – the English name derives from numerous algae, while the Polish name is a translation of the Russian name meaning Figures Lake).

During the Polish polar expeditions, geographical names were given and later reported to SCAR's list of Antarctic features. Poland has reported names only in English and in that form they have been officially sanctioned by SCAR and published in the gazetteer. The total number of names proposed by Poland and sanctioned since 1978 is 365 (two last in 2008), mainly from the King George Island and Bunger Hills regions. For most of those names (249), their Polish equivalents were provided in Polish publications, however those names were not standardized by the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland as exonyms.

The list of standardized Polish names for Antarctic features is contained in Attachment 2.

Just like in the case of undersea features, Antarctic features which have Polish names are situated in the formally international territories (territorial claims for individual Antarctic sectors have been “frozen” for years). Hence, classifying them formally by the Commission on Standardization of Geographical Names Outside the Republic of Poland as exonyms is certainly disputable. Those names, being certainly Polish names of features lying outside Poland, can be classified to a numerous group of names which are neither exonyms nor endonyms.

It is worth trying to define this vast collection of names which “escape” the definitions of exonym and endonym as part of the work of the UNGEGN Working Group on Toponymic Terminology and Working Group on Exonyms.

Attachment 1

The list of standardized Polish names for undersea features

Currents

Antarktyczny Prąd Okolobiegunowy; Antarctic Circumpolar Current [Atl., Ind., Pac., South.; consists of West Wind Drift & East Wind Drift]

Kuro Siwo; Japan Current; Kuroshio Current [Pac.]

Oja Siwo; Prąd Kurylski; Oyashio Current [Pac.]

Prąd Agulhas; Prąd Południowafrylański; Agulhas Current; South Africa Current [Atl., Ind.]

Prąd Alaski; Alaska Current [Pac.]

Prąd Aleucki; Aleutian Current [Pac.]

Prąd Angolski; Angola Current [Atl.]

Prąd Antylski; Antilles Current [Atl.]

Prąd Baffina; Baffin Current; Baffin Island Current [Arct.]

Prąd Benguelski; Benguela Current [Atl.]

Prąd Bryzyliski; Brazil Current [Atl.]

Prąd Cromwella; Cromwell Current [Pac.; under South Equatorial Current]

Prąd Cuszimski; Tsushima Current [Pac.]

Prąd Falklandzki; Falkland Current [Atl.]

Prąd Florydzki; Florida Current [Atl.]

Prąd Gujański; Guyana Current [Atl.]

Prąd Gwinejski; Guinea Current [Atl.]

Prąd Irmingera; Irminger Current [Atl.]

Prąd Jukatański; Yucatan Current [Atl.]

Prąd Kalifornijski; California Current [Pac.]

Prąd Kanaryjski; Canary Current; Canaries Current [Atl.]

Prąd Karaibski; Caribbean Current [Atl.]

Prąd Labradorski; Labrador Current [Atl.]

Prąd Lewantyński; Levantine Current [Atl.-Medit.]

Prąd Łomonosowa; Lomonosov Current [Atl.; under South Equatorial Current & Equatorial Counter Current]

Prąd Madagaskarski; Madagascar Current [Ind.]

Prąd Meksykański; Mexican Current [Atl.]

Prąd Monsunowy; Monsoon Drift; Monsoon Current [Ind.]

Prąd Mozambicki; Mozambique Current [Ind.]

Prąd Norweski; Norway Current; Norwegian Current [Atl.]

Prąd Nowej Ziemi; Novaya Zemlya Current [Arct.]

Prąd Peruwiński; Prąd Humboldta; Peru Current; Humboldt Current [Pac.]

Prąd Północnoafrykański; North Africa Current [Atl.-Medit.]

Prąd Północnoatlantycki; North Atlantic Current [Atl.]

Prąd Północnoislandzki; North Iceland Current [Arct.]

Prąd Północnopacyficzny; North Pacific Current; North Pacific Drift [Pac.]

Prąd Północnorównikowy; North Equatorial Current [Atl., Pac.]

Prąd Południowoatlantycki; South Atlantic Current [Atl., South.; part of West Wind Drift]

Prąd Południowoindyjski; South India Current [Ind., South.; part of West Wind Drift]

Prąd Południowopacyficzny; South Pacific Current [Pac., South.; part of West Wind Drift]

Prąd Południoworównikowy; South Equatorial Current [Atl., Ind., Pac.]

Prąd Przylądka Horn; Cape Horn Current [Atl., Pac.]

Prąd Przylądka Północnego; North Cape Current [Arct.]

Prąd Równikowy; Equatorial Current [Atl., Ind., Pac.; common name for North Equatorial Current, Equatorial Counter Current & South Equatorial Current]

Prąd Somalijski; Somali Current [Ind.]

Prąd Transarktyczny; Trans-Arctic Current [Arct.]

Prąd Wiatrów Wschodnich; Dryf Wiatrów Wschodnich; East Wind Drift; Antarctic Coastal Current [South.]

Prąd Wiatrów Zachodnich; Dryf Wiatrów Zachodnich; West Wind Drift [Atl., Ind., Pac., South.]

Prąd Wschodnioarabski; East Arabian Current [Ind.]

Prąd Wschodniaustralijski; East Australian Current [Pac.]

Prąd Wschodniobengalski; East Bengal Current [Ind.]

Prąd Wschodniogrenlandzki; East Greenland Current [Arct., Atl.]

Prąd Wschodnioislandzki; East Iceland Current [*Arct., Atl.*]
Prąd Zachodnioarabski; West Arabian Current [*Ind.*]
Prąd Zachodniaustralijski; West Australian Current [*Ind.*]
Prąd Zachodniobengalski; West Bengal Current [*Ind.*]
Prąd Zachodniogrenlandzki; West Greenland Current [*Arct., Atl.*]
Prąd Zachodniospitsbergeński; West Spitsbergen Current; Spitsbergen Current; West Svalbard Current [*Arct., Atl.*]
Prąd Zatokowy; Golfsztrom; Gulf Stream; Gulf Stream Current [*Atl.*]
Prąd Zielonego Przylądku; Cape Verde Current [*Atl.; seasonal current*]
Równikowy Prąd Wsteczny; Equatorial Counter Current [*Atl., Ind., Pac.*]

Ridges

Grzbiet Afrykańsko-Antarktyczny; Atlantic-Indian Ridge [*Atl., Ind.*]
Grzbiet Aleucki; Aleutian Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Arabsko-Indyjski; Carlsberg Ridge; Arabian-Indian Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Beaty; Beata Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Blake'a; Blake Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Bowersa; Bowers Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Cesarski; Emperor Seamount Chain [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Czagos-Lakkadiwy; Chagos-Laccadive Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Dampiera; Dampier Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Gakkel; Gakkel Ridge [*Arct.*]
Grzbiet Geofizyków; Geofizikov Spur [*Arct.*]
Grzbiet Hawajski; Hawaiian Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Honsiu; South Honshu Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Jan Mayen; Jan Mayen Ridge [*Arct., Atl.*]
Grzbiet Kajmański; Cayman Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Karoliński; Caroline Seamounts; Caroline Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Kermadec; Kermadec Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Kiusiu-Palau; Kyushu-Palau Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Kokosowy; Cocos Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Łomonosowa; Lomonosov Ridge [*Arct.*]
Grzbiet Macquarie; Macquarie Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Madagaskarski; Madagascar Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Malediwicki; Maldives Ridge [*Ind.; part of Chagos-Laccadive Ridge*]
Grzbiet Mariański; East Mariana Ridge; Mariana Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Maskarencki; Mascarene Plateau; Seychelles Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Mendelejewa; Mendeleyev Ridge [*Arct.*]
Grzbiet Mohna; Mohns Ridge [*Arct., Atl.*]
Grzbiet Murraya; Murray Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Nansena; Nansen Ridge [*Arct.*]
Grzbiet Nazca; Nazca Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Norfolk; Norfolk Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Pacyficzno-Antarktyczny; Pacific-Antarctic Ridge; South Pacific Ridge [*Pac., South.*]
Grzbiet Południowoantylski; Scotia Ridge [*South.*]
Grzbiet Południowoatlantycki; South Atlantic Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Południowofidżyjski; South Fiji Ridge; Lau Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Południowotasmański; South Tasman Rise [*Ind., Pac.*]
Grzbiet Północnoatlantycki; North Atlantic Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Ptasi; Aves Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Reykjanes; Reykjanes Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Scotia; Scotia Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Szirszowa; Shirshov Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Środkowoindyjski; Central Indian Ridge; Mid-Indian Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Środkowopacyficzny; Mid-Pacific Mountains [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Śródziemnomorski; East Mediterranean Ridge; Mediterranean Ridge [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Grzbiet Śródatlantycki; Mid-Atlantic Ridge [*Atl.; consists of North Atlantic Ridge & South Atlantic Ridge*]
Grzbiet Tuamotu; Tuamotu Ridge [*Pac.*]
Grzbiet Wchodniomariański; West Mariana Ridge; Parace Vela Ridge [*Pac.*]

Grzbiet Wielorybi; Walvis Ridge [*Atl.*]
Grzbiet Wschodnioindyjski; Ninetyeast Ridge; East Indian Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Zachodniaaustralijski; Broken Ridge; West Australian Ridge [*Ind.*]
Grzbiet Zachodnioindyjski; Southwest Indian Ridge [*Ind.*]

Mounts

Góry Nowej Anglia; New England Seamounts [*Atl.*]

Horses

Próg Afrycko-Sycylijski; African-Sicily Horse [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Próg Amirancki; Amirante Banks; Amirante Ridge [*Ind.*]
Próg Azorsko-Gibraltarski; Azores-Gibraltar Ridge [*Atl.*]
Próg Biskajski; Azores-Biscay Rise; Biscay Horse [*Atl.*]
Próg Grenlandzko-Islandzki; Greenland-Iceland Rise [*Arct., Atl.*]
Próg Islandzki; Iceland-Faroe Rise; Iceland Rise [*Atl.*]
Próg Wyville'a-Thomsona; Wyville-Thomson Ridge [*Atl.*]

Fracture zones

Krawędź Atlantis; Atlantis Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Chain; Chain Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Challengera; Challenger Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Clarion; Clarion Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Clippertona; Clipperton Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Eltanin; Eltanin Fracture Zone System [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Falklandzka; Falkland Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Faradaya; Faraday Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Galapagos; Galapagos Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Gibbsa; Charlie-Gibbs Fracture Zone; Gibbs Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Grenlandzka; Greenland Fracture Zone [*Arct., Atl.*]
Krawędź Markizów; Marquesas Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Menarda; Menard Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Mendocino; Mendocino Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Molokai; Molokai Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Murraya; Murray Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Oceanografiów; Oceanographer Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Owena; Owen Fracture Zone [*Ind.*]
Krawędź Pioniera; Pioneer Fracture Zone [*Pac.*]
Krawędź Rio Grande; Rio Grande Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Romanche; La Romanche Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]
Krawędź Sandwich Południowy; South Sandwich Fracture Zone [*South.*]
Krawędź Spitsbergeńska; **Próg Nansena**; Spitsbergen Fracture Zone; Nansen Fracture Zone [*Arct.*]
Krawędź Vema; Vema Fracture Zone [*Atl.*]

Rises

Wyniesienie Agulhas; Agulhas Rise [*Ind.*]
Wyniesienie Akademii Nauk; Akademii Nauk Rise [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Australijsko-Antarktyczne; Southeast Indian Ridge; Australian-Antarctic Ridge [*Ind., Pac., South.*]
Wyniesienie Azorskie; Azores Plateau [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Beauforta; Beaufort Terrace [*Arct.*]
Wyniesienie Bellony; Bellona Plateau [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Bermudzkie; Bermuda Rise [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Chatham; Chatham Rise [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Chilijskie; Chile Rise [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Crozeta; Crozet Ridge [*Ind.*]
Wyniesienie Czukockie; Chukchi Plateau [*Arct.*]

Wyniesienie Exmouth; Exmouth Plateau [*Ind.*]
Wyniesienie Falklandzkie; Falkland Plateau [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Galapagos; Galapagos Rise [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Gwinejskie; Guinea Rise [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Jermaka; Yermak Plateau [*Arct.*]
Wyniesienie Kergueleńskie; Kerguelen Plateau [*Ind., South.*]
Wyniesienie Lord Howe; Lord Howe Rise; New Zealand Ridge [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Luizjadów; Louisiade Plateau [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Maud; Maud Rise [*South.*]
Wyniesienie Mozambickie; Mozambique Plateau [*Ind.*]
Wyniesienie Przylądkowe; Agulhas Ridge; Cape Plateau [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Rio Grande; Rio Grande Plateau [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Rockall; Rockall Plateau [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Salomona; Ontong Java Rise; Solomon Rise; Kapingamarangi Rise [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Sierra Leone; Sierra Leone Rise [*Atl.*]
Wyniesienie Środkowokarskie; Central Kara Rise [*Arct.*]
Wyniesienie Szackiego; Shatsky Rise [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Wschodniopacyficzne; East Pacific Rise [*Pac.*]
Wyniesienie Zielonego Przylądka; Cape Verde Plateau [*Atl.*]

Plateaus

Plaskowyż Alaskański; Alaska Plain [*Pac.*]
Plaskowyż Blake'a; Blake Plateau [*Atl.*]
Plaskowyż Campbella; Plaskowyż Nowozelandzki; Campbell Plateau; New Zealand Plateau [*Pac.*]
Plaskowyż Fidzi; Fiji Plateau [*Pac.*]
Plaskowyż Queenslandzki; Queensland Plateau [*Pac.*]

Basins

Basen Afrykańsko-Antarktyczny; Atlantic-Indian Basin [*Atl., Ind., South.*]
Basen Agulhas; Agulhas Basin [*Atl., Ind.*]
Basen Aleucki; Aleutian Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Algiersko-Prowansalski; Algerian Basin [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Basen Amirancki; Amirante Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Amundsena; Amundsen Basin; Fram Basin [*Arct.*]
Basen Andamański; Andaman Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Angolski; Angola Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Arabski; Arabian Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Argentyński; Argentine Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Arkoński; Arkona Basin [*Atl.-Balt.*]
Basen Australijsko-Antarktyczny; Australian-Antarctic Basin; South Indian Basin [*Ind., South.*]
Basen Baffina; Baffin Basin [*Arct.*]
Basen Bellingshausena; Basen Południowo-Wschodni; Bellingshausen Basin; Southeast Pacific Basin [*Pac., South.*]
Basen Biskajski; Biscay Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Blake'a-Bahama; Bahama Basin; Blake-Bahama Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Bornholmski; Bornholm Basin [*Atl.-Balt.*]
Basen Botnicki; Bothnia Basin [*Atl.-Balt.*]
Basen Bowersa; Bowers Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Bryzyljski; Brazil Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Chilijski; Chile Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Crozeta; Crozet Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Eurazjatycki; Eurasia Basin [*Arct.; common name for Amundsen Basin & Nansen Basin*]
Basen Filipiński; Philippine Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Gdański; Gdańsk Basin [*Atl.-Balt.*]
Basen Gotlandzki; Gotland Basin [*Atl.-Balt.*]
Basen Grenady; Grenada Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Grenlandzki; Greenland Basin [*Arct.*]
Basen Gujański; Guiana Basin [*Atl.*]

Basen Gwatemalski; Guatemala Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Gwinejski; Guinea Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Iberyjski; Iberian Basin [*Atl.*; *part of West European Basin*]
Basen Irmingera; Irminger Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Islandzki; Iceland Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Japoński; Japan Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Joński; Ionian Basin [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Basen Jukatański; Yucatan Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Kanadyjski; Canada Basin [*Arct.*]
Basen Kanaryjski; Canary Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Kane'a; Kane Basin [*Arct.*]
Basen Kokosowy; Cocos Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Kolumbijski; Colombia Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Komandorski; Komandor Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Koralowy; Coral Basin; Coral Sea Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Kurylski; Kuril Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Labradorski; Labrador Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Lewantyński; Levantine Basin [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Basen Lofocki; Lofoten Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Madagaskarski; Madagascar Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Makarowa; Makarov Basin [*Arct.*]
Basen Maskareński; Mascarene Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Meksykański; Mexico Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Melanezyjski; Melanesian Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Mozambicki; Mozambique Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Nansena; Nansen Basin; Arctic Basin [*Arct.*]
Basen Natalski; Natal Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Naturaliste; Naturaliste Plateau [*Ind.*]
Basen Norfolk; North Norfolk Basin; Norfolk Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Norweski; Norwegian Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Nowofunlandzki; Newfoundland Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Nowohebrydzki; New Hebrides Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Nowokaledoński; New Caledonia Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Ochocki; Okhotsk Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Omański; Oman Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Panamski; Panama Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Peruwiński; Peru Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Północnoaustralijski; Argo Abyssal Plain; North Australian Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Północnofidżyjski; North Fiji Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Północno-Wschodni; **Basen Północnopacyficzny;** Northeast Pacific Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Północno-Zachodni; Northwest Pacific Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Poludniowoaustralijski; South Australian Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Poludniowochiński; South China Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Południowofidżyjski; South Fiji Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Południowo-Zachodni; **Basen Południowopacyficzny;** Southwest Pacific Basin; South Pacific Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Północnoamerykański; North American Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Przylądkowy; Cape Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Scotia; Scotia Basin; South Antillean Basin [*Atl.*, *South.*]
Basen Sierra Leone; Sierra Leone Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Somalijski; Somali Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Środkowoindyjski; Mid-Indian Ocean Basin; Mid-Indian Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Środkowopacyficzny; Central Pacific Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Tasmana; Tasman Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Tyrreński; Tyrrhenian Basin [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Basen Wenezuelski; Venezuela Basin [*Atl.*]
Basen Wschodniokaroliński; East Caroline Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Wschodniomariański; East Mariana Basin [*Pac.*]
Basen Zachodniaaustralijski; Wharton Basin [*Ind.*]
Basen Zachodnioneuropejski; West European Basin [*Atl.*]

Basen Zachodniokaroliński; West Caroline Basin [Pac.]
Basen Zachodniomariański; West Mariana Basin [Pac.]
Basen Zielonego Przylądku; Cape Verde Basin [Atl.]

Plains

Równina Bellingshausena; Bellingshausen Abyssal Plain [South.]
Równina Fletchera; Siberia Abyssal Plain; Fletcher Plain [Arct.]
Równina Kanadyjska; Canada Abyssal Plain [Arct.]
Równina Weddella; Weddell Abyssal Plain [South.]

Banks

Ławica Browna; Brown Bank [Atl.]
Ławica Davida; Davids Bank; *Danish*: Davids Grund; Davids Banke [Atl.-Balt.]
Ławica Frama; Fram Bank [South.]
Ławica Hoburska; Hoburgs Bank; *Swedish*: Hoburgsgrund [Atl.-Balt.]
Ławica Jutlandzka; Jutland Bank [Atl.]
Ławica Kościuszki; Kosciusko Bank; Kosciusko Tablemount [Pac.]
Ławica Moskitów; Mosquitos Bank [Atl.]
Ławica Murmańska; Murmansk Rise [Arct.]
Ławica Nowofunlandzka; Grand Banks of Newfoudland; Newfoudland Bank [Atl.]
Ławica Odrzana; **Ławica Odrzańska**; Odra Bank; Oder Bank; *German*: Oderbank [Atl.-Balt.]
Ławica Orla; Orla Bank; Adler Bank; *Danish*: Adlergrund [Atl.-Balt.]
Ławica Rønne; Ronne Bank; *Danish*: Rønne Banke [Atl.-Balt.]
Ławica Rozalindy; Rosalind Bank [Atl.]
Ławica Ślupska; Ślupsk Bank [Atl.-Balt.]
Ławica Spitsbergeńska; Spitsbergen Bank [Arct.]
Ławica Środkowa; Central Bank; Middle Bank; *Swedish*: Midsjöbanken [Atl.-Balt.]; common name for *Södra Midsjöbanken & Norra Midsjöbanken*
Ławica Środkowa Północna; *Swedish*: Norra Midsjöbanken [Atl.-Balt.]
Ławica Środkowa Południowa; *Swedish*: Södra Midsjöbanken [Atl.-Balt.]
Mała Ławica Bahamska; Little Bahama Bank [Atl.]
Wielka Ławica Bahamska; Great Bahama Bank [Atl.]

Deeps

Głębia Alandzka; Aland Deep [Atl.-Balt.]
Głębia Arkońska; Arkona Deep [Atl.-Balt.]
Głębia Bartletta; Bartlett Deep [Atl.]
Głębia Bornholmska; Bornholm Deep [Atl.-Balt.]
Głębia Botnicka; Bothnian Deep [Atl.-Balt.]
Głębia Challengera; Challenger Deep [Pac.]
Głębia Gdańsk; Gdańsk Deep [Atl.-Balt.]
Głębia Gotlandzka; Gotland Deep [Atl.-Balt.]
Głębia Landsort; Landsort Deep [Atl.-Balt.]
Głębia Planet; Planet Deep [Ind.]

Trenches

Rów Aleucki; Aleutian Trench [Pac.]
Rów Amirantki; Amirante Trench [Ind.]
Rów Atakamski; **Rów Peruwińsko-Chilijski**; Peru-Chile Trench; Atacama Trench [Pac.]
Rów Bahamski; Bahama Trench [Atl.]
Rów Banda; Banda Trench [Pac.]
Rów Bougainville'a; Bougainville Trench [Pac.]
Rów Chiliski; Chile Trench [Pac.; part of Peru-Chile Trench]
Rów Czagos; Chagos Trough [Ind.]
Rów Diamantina; Diamantina Trench [Ind.]
Rów Falklandzki; Falkland Trough [Atl.]

Rów Filipiński; Philippine Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Helleński; Hellenic Trench [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Rów Izu-Ogasawara; Izu-Ogasawara Trench; Bonin Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Japoński; Japan Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Jawajski; Sunda Trench; Java Trench [*Ind.*]
Rów Kajmański; Cayman Trench; Bartlett Trough [*Atl.*]
Rów Kermadec; Kermadec Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Kreteński; Cretan Trough; South Aegean Trough [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Rów Kurylsko-Kamczacki; Kuril-Kamchatka Trench; Kuril Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Leny; Lena Trough [*Arct.*]
Rów Manilski; Manila Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Mariański; Mariana Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Nowej Brytanii; New Britain Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Nowej Ziemi; Novaya Zemlya Trough [*Arct.*]
Rów Nowogwinejski; New Guinea Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Nowohebrydzki; South New Hebrides Trench; New Hebrides Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Obi; Obi Trench [*Ind.*]
Rów Peruwiński; Peru Trench [*Pac.*; *part of Peru-Chile Trench*]
Rów Poludniowoszetzlandzki; South Shetland Trough [*Atl.*, *South.*]
Rów Portorykański; Puerto Rico Trench [*Atl.*]
Rów Północnoegejski; North Aegean Trough; Anatolian Trough [*Atl.-Medit.*]
Rów Riukiu; Nansei-Shoto Trench; Ryukyu Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Salomona; South Solomon Trench; Solomon Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Sandwich Południowy; South Sandwich Trench [*Atl.*, *South.*]
Rów Sundajski; Sunda Trough [*Ind.*]
Rów Szetlandzki; Faroe-Shetland Channel; Faroe-Shetland Trough [*Atl.*]
Rów Środkowoamerykański; Middle America Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Świętej Anny; Saint Anna Trough; Svyataya Anna Trough [*Arct.*]
Rów Timor; Timor Trough [*Pac.*]
Rów Tonga; Tonga Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Witiazia; Vityaz Trench [*Pac.*]
Rów Woronina; Voronin Trough [*Arct.*]
Rów Wschodnioindyjski; East Indian Trench [*Ind.*]
Rów Zachodniomelanazyjski; West Melanesian Trench [*Pac.*]

Troughs

Rynna Bornholmska; Bornholm Trough [*Atl.-Balt.*]
Rynna Cesarska; Emperor Trough [*Pac.*]
Rynna Norweska; Norwegian Trough; Norwegian Deep [*Atl.*]
Rynna Slupska; Slupsk Furrow; Slupsk Trough [*Atl.-Balt.*]
Rynna Wyspy Niedźwiedziej; Bear Island Trough; Barents Trough [*Arct.*, *Atl.*]

Canyons

Kanion Hudsona; Hudson Canyon [*Atl.*]
Kanion Środkowoceaniczny; Northwest Atlantic Mid-Ocean Canyon; Mid-Ocean Canyon [*Atl.*]

Attachment 2

The list of standardized Polish names for Antarctic features

Polar stations

Arctowski; Stacja im. H. Arctowskiego; Polska Stacja Polarna im. Henryka Arctowskiego; English: Arctowski; Arctowski Station; H. Arctowski Station
Mirnyj; English: Mirny; Russian: Mirnyj; naučnaja stancija Mirnyj
Nowołazariewskaja; English: Novolazarevskaya; Russian: Novolazarevskaja; naučnaja stancija Novolazarevskaja
Wielki Mur; English: Great Wall; Chinese: Changcheng; Changcheng Zhan
Wostok; English: Vostok; Russian: Vostok; naučnaja stancija Vostok

Lands, regions

Nowa Szwabia; English: New Schwabenland; German: Neuschwabenland
Ziemia Adeli; English: Adélie Land; French: Terre Adélie
Ziemia Coatsów; English: Coats Land; Spanish: Tierra de Coats
Ziemia Ellswortha; English: Ellsworth Land; Spanish: Tierra Ellsworth
Ziemia Enderby; English: Enderby Land
Ziemia Grahama; English: Graham Land; Spanish: Tierra de Graham; Tierra de San Martín
Ziemia Jerzego V; English: George V Land
Ziemia Kempa; English: Kemp Land
Ziemia Królowej Maud; English: Queen Maud Land; Norwegian: Dronning Maud Land
Ziemia Książniczki Elżbiety; English: Princess Elizabeth Land
Ziemia Mac Robertsona; English: Mac Robertson Land
Ziemia Marii Byrd; English: Marie Byrd Land
Ziemia Oatesa; English: Oates Land
Ziemia Palmera; English: Palmer Land
Ziemia Wiktorii; English: Victoria Land
Ziemia Wilhelma II; English: Wilhelm II Land; German: Kaiser Wilhelm II Land
Ziemia Wilkesa; English: Wilkes Land

Seas

Morze Amundsena; English: Amundsen Sea
Morze Bellingshausena; English: Bellingshausen Sea; Spanish: Mar de Bellingshausen
Morze Davisa; English: Davis Sea
Morze Dumont d'Urville'a; English: Dumont d'Urville Sea; D'Urville Sea; French: Mer Dumont d'Urville
Morze Kosmonautów; English: Cosmonauts Sea; Cosmonaut Sea; Sea of Cosmonauts
Morze Króla Haakona VII; English: King Haakon VII Sea; Haakon VII Sea; Norwegian: Kong Håkon VII Hav
Morze Lazariewa; English: Lazarev Sea
Morze Mawsona; English: Mawson Sea
Morze Riiser-Larsena; English: Riiser-Larsen Sea
Morze Rossa; English: Ross Sea
Morze Scotia; English: Scotia Sea; Spanish: Mar del Scotia
Morze Somowa; English: Somov Sea
Morze Weddella; English: Weddell Sea; Spanish: Mar de Weddell
Morze Wspólnoty; English: Sodruzhestva Sea; Cooperation Sea; Commonwealth Sea

Bays

Fiord Laubeufa; English: Laubeuf Fjord; Spanish: Fiordo Laubeuf; Seno Laubeuf
Zatoka Admiralicji; English: Admiralty Bay; Spanish: Bahía Almirantazgo; Bahía Lasserre
Zatoka Amundsena; English: Amundsen Bay
Zatoka Barierowa; English: Barrier Bay; Norwegian: Barrierefjika
Zatoka Caseya; English: Casey Bay
Zatoka Charcota; English: Charcot Bay; Spanish: Bahía Charcot

Zatoka Commonwealthu; English: Commonwealth Bay
Zatoka Davisa; English: Davis Bay
Zatoka Edwarda VIII; English: Edward VIII Bay; Edward VIII Gulf
Zatoka Focza; English: Seal Bay; Norwegian: Selbukta
Zatoka Goulda; English: Gould Bay; Spanish: Bahía Austral
Zatoka Króla Jerzego; English: King George Bay; Spanish: Bahía Rey Jorge; Bahía 25 de Mayo
Zatoka Mackellara; English: Mackellar Inlet; Spanish: Ensenada Mackellar
Zatoka Malgorzaty; English: Marguerite Bay; Spanish: Bahía Margarita
Zatoka Martela; English: Martel Inlet; Spanish: Ensenada Martel
Zatoka Maxwella; English: Maxwell Bay; Spanish: Bahía Fildes; Bahía Guardia Nacional
Zatoka Moubraya; English: Moubray Bay
Zatoka Nadziei; English: Hope Bay; Spanish: Bahía Hope; Bahía Esperanza
Zatoka Południowa; English: South Bay; Spanish: Bahía Sur
Zatoka Prydza; English: Prydz Bay; Norwegian: Prydz Bukt
Zatoka Rennicka; English: Rennick Bay
Zatoka Robertsona; English: Robertson Bay
Zatoka Sulzbergera; English: Sulzberger Bay
Zatoka Szokalskiego; English: Schokalsky Bay; Spanish: Bahía Schokalsky
Zatoka Vahsela; English: Vahsel Bay; Spanish: Bahía Vahsel
Zatoka Wielorybia; English: Bay of Whales
Zatoka Wrigleya; English: Wrigley Gulf

Straits

Cieśnina Bismarcka; English: Bismarck Strait; Spanish: Estrecho de Bismarck
Cieśnina Bransfielda; English: Bransfield Strait; Spanish: Estrecho Bransfield; Mar de la Flota
Cieśnina Drake'a; English: Drake Passage; Spanish: Estrecho de Drake; Paso Drake; Pasaje de Drake
Cieśnina Gerlache'a; English: Gerlache Strait; Spanish: Estrecho de Gerlache
Cieśnina Jerzego VI; English: George VI Sound; Spanish: Canal Jorge VI; Canal Sarmiento

Ice shelves

Lodowiec Szelfowy Abбота; English: Abbot Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Amery'ego; English: Amery Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Filchnera; English: Filchner Ice Shelf; Spanish: Campos de Hielo Filchner; Barrera de Hielos Filchner
Lodowiec Szelfowy Getza; English: Getz Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Jerzego VI; English: George VI Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Larsena; English: Larsen Ice Shelf; Spanish: Barrera de Hielos Larsen
Lodowiec Szelfowy Riiser-Larsena; English: Riiser-Larsen Ice Shelf; Norwegian: Riiser-Larsenisen
Lodowiec Szelfowy Ronne; English: Ronne Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Rossa; English: Ross Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Shackletona; English: Shackleton Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Sulzbergera; English: Sulzberger Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Wilkinsa; English: Wilkins Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Wojejkowa; English: Voyeykov Ice Shelf
Lodowiec Szelfowy Wordiego; English: Wordie Ice Shelf; Spanish: Barrera de Hielos Wordie
Zachodni Lodowiec Szelfowy; English: West Ice Shelf

Ice fronts

Bariera Lodowa Filchnera; English: Filchner Ice Front
Bariera Lodowa Rossa; English: Ross Ice Front

Lakes

Jezioro Figurowe; English: Algae Lake; Russian: озеро Фигурное

Glaciers

Dolny Lodowiec Wrighta; *English:* Wright Lower Glacier
Górny Lodowiec Wrighta; *English:* Wright Upper Glacier; Upper Wright Glacier
Lodowiec Albanusa; *English:* Albanus Glacier
Lodowiec Amundsena; *English:* Amundsen Glacier
Lodowiec Apfela; *English:* Apfel Glacier
Lodowiec Axela Heiberga; *English:* Axel Heiberg Glacier; *Norwegian:* Axel Heibergbreen
Lodowiec Beardmore'a; *English:* Beardmore Glacier
Lodowiec Boyd'a; *English:* Boyd Glacier
Lodowiec Byrda; *English:* Byrd Glacier
Lodowiec Davida; *English:* David Glacier
Lodowiec Dawsona-Lambtona; *English:* Dawson-Lambton Glacier; Dawson-Lambton Ice Stream; *Spanish:* Glaciar Buenos Aires
Lodowiec Denmana; *English:* Denman Glacier
Lodowiec Dibble'a; *English:* Dibble Iceberg Tongue
Lodowiec Diabelski; *English:* Devils Glacier
Lodowiec Drygalskiego; *English:* Drygalski Ice Tongue
Lodowiec Ferrara; *English:* Ferrar Glacier
Lodowiec Hull'a; *English:* Hull Glacier
Lodowiec Lamberta; *English:* Lambert Glacier
Lodowiec Langeo; *English:* Lange Glacier
Lodowiec Larsena; *English:* Larsen Glacier
Lodowiec Lennox-Kinga; *English:* Lennox-King Glacier
Lodowiec Mertz'a; *English:* Mertz Glacier
Lodowiec Meserve'a; *English:* Meserve Glacier
Lodowiec Milla; *English:* Mill Glacier
Lodowiec Muszkietowa; *English:* Mushketov Glacier; *Norwegian:* Mushketovbreen; *Russian:* lednik Mušketova
Lodowiec Ninnisa; *English:* Ninnis Glacier
Lodowiec Pencka; *English:* Penck Glacier; *German:* Penckgletscher
Lodowiec Remenchusa; *English:* Remenchus Glacier
Lodowiec Rennicka; *English:* Rennick Glacier; *Russian:* lednik Rennika
Lodowiec Rutforda; *English:* Rutford Ice Stream
Lodowiec Scotta; *English:* Scott Glacier
Lodowiec Shackletona; *English:* Shackleton Glacier
Lodowiec Taylor'a; *English:* Taylor Glacier
Lodowiec Thwaitesa; *English:* Thwaites Glacier Tongue
Lodowiec Tottena; *English:* Totten Glacier

Islands

Antwerpia; *English:* Anvers Island; *French:* Île Anvers; *Spanish:* Isla Anvers; Isla Amberes
Wyspa Adelajdy; *English:* Adelaide Island; *Spanish:* Isla Adelaida; Isla Bergano
Wyspa Aleksandra; *English:* Alexander Island, Alexander I Island; *Spanish:* Isla Alejandro I; *Russian:* Zemlya Aleksandra I
Wyspa Berknera; *English:* Berkner Island; *Spanish:* Isla Berkner
Wyspa Buckle'a; *English:* Buckle Island
Wyspa Carneya; *English:* Carney Island
Wyspa Chabriera; *English:* Chabrier Rock; *Spanish:* Roca Chabrier
Wyspa Charcota; *English:* Charcot Island; *French:* Île Charcot; *Spanish:* Isla Charcot
Wyspa Coulmana; *English:* Coulman Island
Wyspa Cruzena; *English:* Cruzen Island
Wyspa Drygalskiego; *English:* Drygalski Island
Wyspa Dufayela; *English:* Dufayel Island; *Spanish:* Isla Dufayel
Wyspa Farwella; *English:* Farwell Island
Wyspa Franklina; *English:* Franklin Island
Wyspa Hearsta; *English:* Hearst Island; *Spanish:* Isla Hearst
Wyspa Jamesa Rossa; *English:* James Ross Island; *Spanish:* Isla Ross
Wyspa Króla Jerzego; *English:* King George Island; *Spanish:* Isla Rey Jorge; Isla 25 de Mayo

Wyspa Livingstonia; English: Livingston Island; Spanish: Isla Livingston
Wyspa Massona; English: Masson Island
Wyspa Milla; English: Mill Island
Wyspa Piotra I; English: Peter I Island; Spanish: Isla Pedro I; Norwegian: Peter I Øy; Russian: остров Пётра I
Wyspa Robertsona; English: Robertson Island; Spanish: Isla Robertson; German: Robertsoninsel
Wyspa Roosevelta; English: Roosevelt Island
Wyspa Rossa; English: Ross Island
Wyspa Scotta; English: Scott Island
Wyspa Sturge'a; English: Sturge Island
Wyspa Thurstonia; English: Thurston Island
Wyspa Younga; English: Young Island

Group of islands, archipelagos

Archipelag Palmera; English: Palmer Archipelago; Spanish: Archipiélago de Palmer
Orkady Poludniowe; English: South Orkney Islands; Spanish: Islas Orcadas del Sur
Szetlandy Poludniowe; English: South Shetland Islands; Spanish: Islas Shetland del Sur
Wyspy Balleny'ego; English: Balleny Islands
Wyspy Biscoe; English: Biscoe Islands; Spanish: Islas Biscoe; Archipiélago Biscoe
Wyspy Fletcheria; English: Fletcher Islands
Wyspy Haswella; English: Haswell Islands

Peninsulas

Półwysep Adare'a; English: Adare Peninsula
Półwysep Antarktyczny; English: Antarctic Peninsula; Spanish: Península Tierra de O'Higgins; Península Antártica
Półwysep Arctowskiego; English: Arctowski Peninsula; Spanish: Península Arctowski
Półwysep Beethovenia; English: Beethoven Peninsula; Spanish: Península Beethoven
Półwysep Edwarda VII; English: Edward VII Peninsula
Półwysep Evansa; English: Evans Peninsula
Półwysep Kellera; English: Keller Peninsula; Spanish: Península Keller
Półwysep Martina; English: Martin Peninsula
Półwysep Mawsona; English: Mawson Peninsula
Półwysep Riiser-Larsena; English: Riiser-Larsen Peninsula; Norwegian: Riiser-Larsenhalvøya

Capes

Przylądek Adamsa; English: Cape Adams; Spanish: Cabo Adams
Przylądek Adare'a; English: Cape Adare
Przylądek Byrda; English: Cape Byrd; Spanish: Cabo Byrd
Przylądek Colbecka; English: Cape Colbeck
Przylądek Crépina; English: Crépin Point; Spanish: Cabo Crépin
Przylądek Denisona; English: Cape Denison
Przylądek Evansa; English: Cape Evans
Przylądek Filchnera; English: Cape Filchner
Przylądek Mawsona; English: Cape Mawson; Spanish: Cabo Mawson
Przylądek Pencka; English: Cape Penck
Przylądek Waszyngtona; English: Cape Washington

Coasts

Wybrzeże Adeli; English: Adélie Coast
Wybrzeże Borchgrevinka; English: Borchgrevink Coast
Wybrzeże Bowmana; English: Bowman Coast; Spanish: Costa Bowman
Wybrzeże Bryana; English: Bryan Coast; Spanish: Costa Georg Bryan
Wybrzeże Budda; English: Budd Coast
Wybrzeże Cairda; English: Caird Coast; Spanish: Costa Caird
Wybrzeże Danco; English: Danco Coas; Spanish: Costa Danco; Costa de Danco
Wybrzeże Eightsa; English: Eights Coast; Spanish: Costa Eights

Wybrzeże Englisha; *English*: English Coast
Wybrzeże Hobbsa; *English*: Hobbs Coast
Wybrzeże Ingrid Christensen; *English*: Ingrid Christensen Coast; *Norwegian*: Ingrid Christensen Kyst
Wybrzeże Jerzego V; *English*: George V Coast
Wybrzeże Kempa; *English*: Kemp Coast
Wybrzeże Klary; *English*: Clarie Coast; Wilkes Coast; *French*: Côte Clarie
Wybrzeże Knosa; *English*: Knox Coast
Wybrzeże Królowej Marii; *English*: Queen Mary Coast; Queen Mary Land
Wybrzeże Księcia Haralda; *English*: Prince Harald Coast; *Norwegian*: Prins Harald Kyst
Wybrzeże Księcia Olafa; *English*: Prince Olav Coast; *Norwegian*: Kronprins Olav Kyst
Wybrzeże Księżniczki Astrid; *English*: Princess Astrid Coast; *Norwegian*: Prinsesse Astrid Kyst
Wybrzeże Księżniczki Marty; *English*: Princess Martha Coast; *Norwegian*: Kronprinsesse Märtha Kyst
Wybrzeże Księżniczki Ragnhildy; *English*: Princess Ragnhild Coast; *Norwegian*: Prinsesse Ragnhild Kyst
Wybrzeże Lrsa Christensena; *English*: Lars Christensen Coast; *Norwegian*: Lars Christensen Kyst
Wybrzeże Lassitera; *English*: Lassiter Coast; *Spanish*: Costa Lassiter
Wybrzeże Leopolda; *English*: Luitpold Coast; *Spanish*: Costa Confin
Wybrzeże Leopolda i Astrid; *English*: Leopold and Astrid Coast; King Leopold and Queen Astrid Coast;
 Norwegian: Leopold og Astrid Kyst
Wybrzeże Mawsona; *English*: Mawson Coast
Wybrzeże Oatesa; *English*: Oates Coast
Wybrzeże Prawdy; *English*: Pravda Coast; *Russian*: bereg Pravdy
Wybrzeże Rupperta; *English*: Ruppert Coast
Wybrzeże Scotta; *English*: Scott Coast
Wybrzeże Shackletona; *English*: Shackleton Coast
Wybrzeże Siple'a; *English*: Siple Coast
Wybrzeże Walgreena; *English*: Walgreen Coast
Wybrzeże Wilhelma II; *English*: Wilhelm II Coast
Wybrzeże Wilkinsa; *English*: Wilkins Coast; *Spanish*: Costa Wilkins

Highlands, plateaus

Plaskowyż Amerykański; *English*: American Highland
Plaskowyż Edwarda VIII; *English*: Edward VIII Plateau; King Edward Plateau
Plaskowyż Hollicka-Kenyona; *English*: Hollick-Kenyon Plateau
Plaskowyż Polarny; *English*: Polar Plateau; South Polar Plateau
Plaskowyż Radziecki; *English*: Plateau Sovetskoje; *Russian*: Sovetskoe plato
Plaskowyż Rockefellera; *English*: Rockefeller Plateau

Mountains, ranges

Góry Admiralicji; *English*: Admiralty Mountains
Góry Belgiki; *English*: Belgica Mountains; *French*: Monts Belgica; *Norwegian*: Belgicafjella
Góry Ellswortha; *English*: Ellsworth Mountains
Góry Forda; *English*: Ford Ranges; Edsel Ford Range
Góry Hansena; *English*: Hansen Mountains; *Norwegian*: Hansenfjella
Góry Horlicka; *English*: Horlick Mountains
Góry Królowej Aleksandry; *English*: Queen Alexandra Range
Góry Królowej Elżbiety; *English*: Queen Elizabeth Range
Góry Królowej Fabioli; *English*: Queen Fabiola Mountains; *French*: Monts Reine Fabiola; *Norwegian*:
 Dronning Fabiolafjella
Góry Królowej Maud; *English*: Queen Maud Mountains; *Norwegian*: Dronning Maud Fjell
Góry Księcia Alberta; *English*: Prince Albert Mountains
Góry Księcia Karola; *English*: Prince Charles Mountains
Góry Mühliga-Hofmanna; *English*: Mühlig-Hofmann Mountains; *German*: Mühlig-Hofmann-Gebirge;
 Norwegian: Mühlings-Hofmannfjella
Góry Napiera; *English*: Napier Mountains
Góry Rockefellera; *English*: Rockefeller Mountains
Góry Rosyjskie; *English*: Russkiye Mountains; *Russian*: gory Russkie
Góry Scotta; *English*: Scott Mountains
Góry Shackletona; *English*: Shackleton Range

Góry Transantarktyczne; *English*: Transantarctic Mountains; *French*: Chaîne Transantarctique; *Spanish*: Montañas Transantárticas; *Norwegian*: Den Transantarktiske Fjellkjeden
Masyw Forda; *English*: Ford Massif
Masyw Vinsona; *English*: Vinson Massif
Pasmo Towarzystwa Królewskiego; *English*: Royal Society Range

Mounts, peaks

Góra Alberta Markhama; *English*: Mount Albert Markham
Góra Arctowskiego; *English*: Arctowski Peak; *Spanish*: Pico Arctowski
Góra Bellingshausena; *English*: Mount Bellingshausen
Góra Bergersena; *English*: Mount Bergersen; *Norwegian*: Bergensenfjella
Góra Berlina; *English*: Mount Berlin
Góra Browna; *English*: Mount Brown
Góra Comana; *English*: Mount Coman; *Spanish*: Monte Coman
Góra Fridtjofa Nansena; *English*: Mount Fridtjof Nansen
Góra Gaussa; *English*: Mount Gauss
Góra Jacksona; *English*: Mount Jackson; *Spanish*: Monte Jackson; Monte Andrew Jackson
Góra Kaplana; *English*: Mount Kaplan
Góra Kirkpatricka; *English*: Mount Kirkpatrick
Góra Listera; *English*: Mount Lister
Góra Markhama; *English*: Mount Markham
Góra McClintocka; *English*: Mount McClintock
Góra Menziesa; *English*: Mount Menzies
Góra Millera; *English*: Mount Miller
Góra Nansena; *English*: Mount Nansen
Góra Olsena; *English*: Olsen Peak
Góra Sabine'a; *English*: Mount Sabine
Nunatak Arctowskiego; *English*: Arctowski Nunatak; *Spanish*: Nunatak Arctowski
Szczyt Vauréala; *English*: Vauréal Peak; *Spanish*: Pico Vauréal

Other objects

Biegun Niedostępności; *English*: Pole of Inaccessibility; *Russian*: Poljus Nedostupnosti; naučnaja stancija Poljus Nedostupnosti [*nieczynna rosyjska stacja polarna*]
Dobrowolski; Stacja im. A.B. Dobrowolskiego; *English*: Dobrowolski; Dobrowolski Station; A.B. Dobrowolski Station [*nieczynna polska stacja polarna*]
Oaza Bungera; *English*: Bunger Hills